

# Parts Inventory IPO Charts

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## 1 Enter

### 1.1 Check If User Is Logged In

Input	Process	Output
	Use the destructured boolean <code>isAuthenticated</code> variable within Redwood's <code>useAuth</code> React hook.	<b>IF</b> <code>isAuthenticated</code> , <code>true</code> <b>ELSE</b> , <code>false</code>

### 1.2 Check Theme & Default To Light

Input	Process	Output
	Check the stored <code>theme</code> value in the browser's local storage.	<b>IF</b> <code>theme</code> is "dark", <code>true</code> <b>ELSE</b> , <code>false</code>
	<b>IF</b> <code>theme</code> does not exist ⇒ Set <code>theme</code> to "light"	

## 2 404

Input	Process	Output
"Back to safety" button		Go to catalog page

## 3 Navigation Bar

### 3.1 Render Navigation Bar

Input	Process	Output
Child elements	<b>IF</b> screen width is small ⇒ Render menu with all buttons <b>ELSE</b> ⇒ Render all buttons on navigation bar  Render child elements	Page with navigation bar at the top

### 3.2 Render All Buttons

Input	Process	Output
1. User is logged in (boolean)	Render “Parts Inventory” button Render “basket” button	Buttons
2. User is admin ( <b>false</b> if user is not logged in)	<b>IF</b> user is logged in ⇒ Render “sign out” button ⇒ Render “transactions” button  <b>IF</b> user is admin ⇒ Render “parts” button ⇒ Render (admin) “transactions” button	

### 3.3 Sign Out

Input	Process	Output
“Sign out” button	Use the destructured <code>logout</code> function within Redwood’s <code>useAuth</code> React hook.	Same page the user was on originally

## 4 Admin Navigation Bar

### 4.1 Render Admin Navigation Bar

Input	Process	Output
Child elements	Render all buttons on navigation bar	Page with admin navigation bar at the top
	Render child elements	

### 4.2 Render All Buttons

Input	Process	Output
1. Button label ( <b>string</b> )	Render home button that goes to the catalog page (5.2)	Buttons
2. Button destination URL ( <b>string</b> )	Render title button with specified title and title destination URL	
3. Title label ( <b>string</b> )		
4. Title destination URL ( <b>string</b> )	Render button with specified button destination URL	

## 5 Catalog Page

Input	Process	Output
Any one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Redirect</li><li>• Enter (1)</li><li>• “Parts Inventory” button (3.2)</li></ul>	Render navigation bar (3.1) Render static components Render catalog	Catalog page

## 5.1 Static Components

Input	Process	Output
	Render “Parts Inventory” Render “Only take what you need”	Static components

## 5.2 Catalog

Input	Process	Output
1. Page (default: 1)	Query database for parts with inputted search parameters	Catalog
2. Sort Method (default: ID)	Render a “loading” placeholder while the database is being queried	
3. Sort Order (default: ascending)		
4. Search query (optional)	<b>IF</b> no parts found ⇒Render “empty” <b>ELSE IF</b> an error occurred ⇒Render “error” <b>ELSE</b> ⇒ <b>FOR</b> each part ⇒⇒Render details ⇒⇒Render “add to basket” button (15.1.2, quantity of 1) ⇒⇒ <b>IF</b> part’s stock is 0 ⇒⇒⇒Disable button ⇒⇒Redirect to the part’s page if the part is pressed	
	Render dropdown menus to change the search parameters, if any change, repeat 5.2	

## 6 Forgot Password Page

### 6.1 Render Form

Input	Process	Output
	Render email address input Render submit button	Form

### 6.2 Submit

Input	Process	Output
1. “Submit” button  2. Email address (string)	Query database to find account associated with the inputted email address	<b>IF</b> Account exists with email address ⇒ Send email to account’s address with password reset link <b>ELSE</b> ⇒ Return to form, account doesn’t exist (6.1)

## 7 Login Page

### 7.1 Render Form

Input	Process	Output
	Render email address input Render password input Render “forgot password” link Render “sign up” link Render “login” button	Form

## 7.2 Log In

Input	Process	Output
1. “Login” button	Use the destructured <code>logIn</code> function within Redwood’s <code>useAuth</code> React hook	<b>IF</b> login successful ⇒ Go to the page the user was previously on
2. Email address ( <code>string</code> )	<b>IF</b> credentials match ⇒ Save session in browser’s cookies, so user is still logged in	
3. Password ( <code>string</code> )	<b>ELSE</b> ⇒ Reject login	

## 7.3 Forgot Password

Input	Process	Output
“Forgot password” link		Go to forgot password page (6)

## 7.4 Sign Up

Input	Process	Output
“Sign up” link		Go to sign up page (8)

# 8 Sign Up Page

## 8.1 Render Form

Input	Process	Output
	Render first name input Render last name input Render email address input Render password input Render “login” link Render “sign up” button	Form

## 8.2 Sign Up

Input	Process	Output
1. “Sign up” button	Use the destructured <b>signUp</b> function within Redwood’s <b>useAuth</b> React hook	Go to the page the user was previously on
2. First name ( <b>string</b> )		
3. Last name ( <b>string</b> )	Save session in browser’s cookies, so user is immediately logged in	
4. Email address ( <b>string</b> )		
5. Password ( <b>string</b> )		

## 8.3 Log In

Input	Process	Output
“Log in” link		Go to login page (7)

# 9 Reset Password Page

## 9.1 Render Form

Input	Process	Output
Reset token ( <b>string</b> )	Render new password input Render “submit” button  Match reset token with associated account <b>IF</b> reset token is not valid ⇒ Disable “submit” button	Form

## 9.2 Reset Password

Input	Process	Output
1. “Submit” button 2. New password ( <code>string</code> )	Use the destructured <code>resetPassword</code> function within Redwood’s <code>useAuth</code> React hook	Go to login page (7)

## 10 Part Management Page

Input	Process	Output
Either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Redirect</li><li>• “Parts” button</li></ul>	Render admin navigation bar (4.1) Render part management	Part management page



## 10.1 Part Management

Input	Process	Output
Database query for parts	Render a “loading” placeholder while the database is being queried  <b>IF</b> no parts found ⇒ Render “empty” <b>ELSE IF</b> an error occurred ⇒ Render “error” <b>ELSE</b> ⇒ <b>FOR</b> each part ⇒ ⇒ Render part ID, name, description, stock, thumbnail, and creation date in a table row ⇒ ⇒ Render “show” button, that goes to its part details page (11) ⇒ ⇒ Render “edit” button that goes to its edit page (12) ⇒ ⇒ Render “delete” button that deletes the part (10.1.1)	Parts list

### 10.1.1 Delete Part

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Part (object)</li></ul>	Confirm if the admin wants to delete the part	Refresh parts list
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “Delete” button</li></ul>	<b>IF</b> admin confirms yes ⇒ Delete part	

## 11 Admin Part Page

Input	Process	Output
Part “show” button	Render admin navigation bar (4.1) Render admin part	Admin part page

### 11.1 Admin Part

Input	Process	Output
Part (object)	Render complete part ID, name, description, stock, image, and creation date  Render “edit” button that goes to its edit page (12)  Render “delete button” that deletes the part (10.1.1)	Part details

## 12 Edit Part Page

Input	Process	Output
Part “edit” button	Render admin navigation bar (4.1) Render edit form	Edit part page

## 12.1 Edit Part

Input	Process	Output
Part (object)	Render part name input (initial value: part's name) Render part description input (initial value: part's description) Render stock number input (initial value: part's stock, must be $\geq 0$ ) Render current image with "replace image" button Render "save" button	Edit form

## 12.2 Replace Image

Input	Process	Output
"Replace image" button	Render Filestack file upload	<b>IF</b> new image file is up- loaded $\Rightarrow$ Filestack CDN URL of the new image <b>ELSE</b> $\Rightarrow$ Current image URL

## 12.3 Save

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Part (object)</li></ul>	Overwrite the part's fields with the new values	Go to part management page
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• New name (string)</li></ul>	Update part in database	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• New description (string)</li></ul>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• New stock (int)</li></ul>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• New image URL (string)</li></ul>		

## 13 New Part Page

Input	Process	Output
“New part” button	Render admin navigation bar (4.1) Render new part form	New part page

### 13.1 New Part Form

Input	Process	Output
	Render part name input Render part description input Render stock number input (initial value: 0, must be $\geq 0$ ) Render Filestack file upload Render “save” button	Form

### 13.2 Save

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Name (<b>string</b>)</li><li>• Description (<b>string</b>)</li><li>• Stock (<b>int</b>)</li><li>• Image URL (<b>string</b>)</li></ul>	Create new part in database	Go to part management page

## 14 Part Details Page

Input	Process	Output
Catalog part click	Render navigation bar (3.1) Render part details	Part details page

## 14.1 Part Details

Input	Process	Output
Part ( <code>object</code> )	Render complete part name, description, stock, and image Render quantity selector (range from 1 to part's stock) Render “add to basket” button with specified quantity (15.1.2)	Part details

## 15 Basket Page

Input	Process	Output
“Basket” button	Render navigation bar (3.1) Render basket	Basket page

### 15.1 Basket

Input	Process	Output
Basket entry in browser's local storage ( <code>string</code> or <code>null</code> )	<b>IF</b> basket is <code>null</code> <b>OR</b> empty ⇒Render “empty” <b>ELSE</b> ⇒Parse basket to <code>object[]</code> ⇒ <b>FOR</b> each part in basket ⇒⇒Render thumbnail & title ⇒⇒Render quantity selector (range from 1 to part's stock) ⇒⇒Render “delete” button ⇒Render “clear basket” button ⇒Render “checkout” button	Basket

### 15.1.1 Delete From Basket

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Basket entry in browser's local storage (<b>string</b> or <b>null</b>)</li><li>• Basket part</li><li>• "Delete" button</li></ul>	Parse basket to an <b>object[]</b> , or create a new array if <b>null</b> or empty Remove part & quantity from basket array Convert basket array back to string Overwrite basket in browser's local storage with new basket string	New basket

### 15.1.2 Add To Basket

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Basket entry in browser's local storage (<b>string</b> or <b>null</b>)</li><li>• Part (<b>object</b>)</li><li>• Quantity (<b>int</b>)</li><li>• "Add to basket" button</li></ul>	Parse basket to an <b>object[]</b> , or create a new array if <b>null</b> or empty Add part & quantity to basket array Convert basket array back to string Overwrite basket in browser's local storage with new basket string	New basket

### 15.1.3 Clear Basket

Input	Process	Output
"Clear basket" button	Delete <b>basket</b> entry from browser's local storage	

#### 15.1.4 Checkout

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• User is logged in (boolean)</li><li>• Parsed basket entry from browser's local storage (<code>object[]</code>)</li><li>• "Checkout" button</li></ul>	<b>IF</b> user is not logged in ⇒Reject transaction <b>ELSE</b> ⇒Get user's ID ⇒ <b>FOR</b> each part in <b>basket</b> ⇒⇒Get up-to-date part details from database ⇒⇒ <b>IF</b> specified quantity for part > part's stock ⇒⇒⇒Reject transaction ⇒⇒ <b>ELSE</b> ⇒⇒⇒Decrement part's stock by quantity ⇒Create new transaction in database, with basket, user's ID, and "out" as the transaction type ⇒Delete <b>basket</b> entry from browser's local storage	Rejection message or transaction

## 16 Transactions Page

Input	Process	Output
"Transactions" button	Render navigation bar (3.1) Render transactions	Transactions page

## 16.1 Transactions

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• User ID (<code>int</code>)</li><li>• Filter by (<code>enum</code>)</li></ul>	<p>Query database for transactions linked to specified user ID and filter</p> <p>Render “filter by” selection <b>IF</b> transactions is empty ⇒Render “empty” <b>ELSE</b> ⇒<b>FOR</b> each transaction ⇒⇒Render item count, relative time, and type (“in”/“out”) ⇒⇒On press, reveal quantity and title of each part ⇒⇒<b>IF</b> type is “out” ⇒⇒⇒Render “return” button in revealed portion (16.2)</p>	Transactions

## 16.2 Return Transaction

Input	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Transaction (<code>object</code>)</li><li>• “Return” button</li></ul>	<p><b>FOR</b> each part &amp; quantity in transaction ⇒Increment part’s stock in database by quantity</p> <p>Update transaction’s type to “in”</p>	Transaction

## 17 Admin Transactions Page

Input	Process	Output
(Admin) “Transactions” button	<p>Render admin navigation bar (4.1)</p> <p>Render admin transactions</p>	Admin transactions page



## 17.1 Admin Transactions

Input	Process	Output
Filter by ( <b>enum</b> )	Query database for all transactions and filter by specified filter  Render “filter by” selection <b>IF</b> transactions is empty ⇒Render “empty” <b>ELSE</b> ⇒ <b>FOR</b> each transaction ⇒⇒Render item count, relative time, type (“in”/“out”), and user’s full name ⇒⇒On press, reveal quantity and title of each part	Admin transactions